



# BARLOW of BARLOW



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A. Maxim Coppage (1915-1998), Founder

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## Barlow Traditions, Legends and Myths

Family legends and stories are passed down from one generation to the next and are part of what makes our family history so interesting. So interesting, in fact, that it is often the stories alone that provoke our initial interest in digging deeper into who our ancestors were.

But while the stories are interesting, they may not always be completely factual and finding the true story is a large part of the fun of looking into our family history. Very often there is a little bit of fact and a little bit of fiction in the family legend, and it can be a tough job sorting it all out.

It is even harder to separate fiction and fact when the fiction has become so accepted that it is given credence by the sheer number of people saying that it is so. Worse is when an apparently acceptable authority gives the fiction as fact, something that the infamous Gustave Anjou did in the many genealogies that he prepared.

We Barlows have our share of family legends and myths. Many have been researched and the fiction/fact of some of these myths has been sorted out and corrected. Unfortunately, some of the myths are still going strong and a lot more work is needed before they can be corrected and laid to rest.

### **The Parents of John Barlow of West Virginia**

One Barlow family myth that has been recently unraveled concerns the parents of John Barlow of Pocahontas County, West Virginia. *Historical Sketches of Pocahontas County, West Virginia*, by William T. Price, 1901, stated that Alexander Barlow emigrated from France, settled initially in Bath County, Virginia, married Barbara, and then moved to Pocahontas County where his child John Barlow was born. Alexander was said to have been killed in the Revolutionary (continued on next page)

## Barlow Traditions, Legends and Myths (continued)

War. All this has been duly repeated by many other publications, as well as in the May 1995 issue of *Barlow of Barlow*, and it turns out to be a complete mix-up of names and facts.

Crystal Barlow, Dick Kraus and Nancy Bruns, all working independently, have straightened this mess out, hopefully once and for all. Ms. Bruns' story of her work was published in the November 2002 issue of *Barlow of Barlow*, pages 523-526. John Barlow married Martha Waddell, and, as it turns out, the two sides of the Barlow and Waddell families were completely mixed up. Barlow, Kraus and Bruns have established that John Barlow's parents were Richard and Barbara (Harvey) Barlow, and Martha Waddell's parents were Alexander and Eleanor (Rousch) Waddell. Both Richard Barlow and Alexander Waddell fought in the Revolutionary War.

The part of the myth that says the Barlows emigrated from France remains a mystery. Nobody knows how this fiction came into the story. The Barlows are believed to be part of the English Barlows, although this connection hasn't been established yet and is being worked on, and the Waddells and Harveys were Scotch.

### **George Barlow, George Barlow and George Barlow of New England**

There were three George Barlows in early New England and to say that they were mixed up and confused with each other is putting it mildly. However, there is enough evidence in the records to show that there were three separate and distinct George Barlows, although it is sometimes hard to pinpoint what detail of a life belongs to the proper George. There was George Barlow of Sandwich, Massachusetts; George Barlow

of Exeter, New Hampshire; and George Barley/Barlow of Milford, Connecticut.

Perhaps the most prominent George Barlow was the infamous marshall of Sandwich, Massachusetts. He is the progenitor of one of the largest Barlow clans in America. He was born probably around 1620 and probably in England. He arrived at Sandwich around 1657 with no wife and two sons, Aaron and Moses, although some questionable accounts give him a wife (more about this later) and as many as seven children. He subsequently married Jane, the widow of Anthony Besse, around 1661 and had two more sons, John and Nathan. These four sons are the only children that he named in his will.

The second George Barlow was also born around 1620 and probably in England, and again there is no firm record of either his arrival in New England or of the date and place of his birth. It is believed that it was this George that was before a Quarter Court of the Massachusetts Bay Colony held at Boston on September 19, 1637, and, "for his idleness, was censured to be whipped". During the winter of 1636-7, the Rev. John Wheelwright led a group of his followers, including George Barlow, north and founded the town of Exeter on the Squamscott River southwest of Portsmouth. Although Exeter is now in New Hampshire, it was then new territory supposedly beyond the jurisdiction of the Massachusetts Bay Colony which had banished Wheelwright. George Barlow apparently married in 1647. His wife's name was Cicely but no further particulars of her or of this marriage are known.

The third George used the surname Barley, a surname which was often used interchangeably with Barlow in England. He  
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## Barlow Traditions, Legends and Myths (continued)

was born probably around 1660 and possibly in England. He apparently came to New England sometime before 1685 and settled at Milford, Fairfield County, Connecticut, where he married Mary Stilson. The first two generations of this family usually used the name Barley and later generations generally used Barlow. The reason for this is not known, nor is it known if they were originally Barleys or Barlows. As mentioned, the name Barley was often used early in Lancashire, England, as an alternative form of Barlow, which may offer a clue to this George's origins.

There has been a great deal of misinformation and confusion concerning the various George Barlows of colonial New England. A number of genealogists have claimed that George of Exeter and George of Sandwich are the same person, and at least one has included George of Milford in the mix. Hawkins and DeVries [Laura Campbell Hawkins and Emma Campbell DeVries, *Barlow and Allied Families*, 1930] were probably the first to say that George of Sandwich and George of Exeter were the same. However, Noyes, Libby and Davis [Sybil Noyes, Charles Thornton Libby and Walter Goodwin Davis, *Genealogical Dictionary of Maine and New Hampshire*, 1928-39] state that the George Barlow of Exeter died at Scarborough, Maine, and left a widow Cicely who subsequently married Henry Watts. The fact that she was Henry Watts' wife was noted in a court proceeding on November 7, 1665 [Maine Province Court Records 2:151 as quoted in Robert Charles Anderson *The Great Migration Begins*, 1995]. Henry and Cicely Watts are said to have improved George Barlow's 270 acre Dunston farm which they sold on May 20, 1670, to Robert Elliot of New Castle [York Land Records as quoted in Robert Charles Anderson *The Great Migration Begins*,

1995]. Henry Watts died around 1697 and Cicely is believed to have preceded him as she is not mentioned in the administration of his estate on June 27, 1697.

### George Barlow's first wife Mary Stetson

As mentioned previously, George Barlow of Sandwich, Massachusetts, had an unknown first wife by whom he had two sons. This first wife has been erroneously given as Mary Stetson, a daughter of Vincent Stetson of Milford, Massachusetts. Even James Savage repeats this story in his *A Genealogical Dictionary Of The First Settlers Of New England*, where he says "Vincent Stetson, Milford 1646, was of Marblehead 1674, as I judge, but ret. Milford, where a d. m. George Barlow".

William C. Stillson and Donald L. Jacobus straightened this mess out in 1938-1939. William Charles Stillson compiled a book entitled *Notes on the Genealogy of the Stilson Family* in 1939, and included a letter from Donald Lines Jacobus dated September 19, 1938. Jacobus' letter says, in part, "Vincent was the only early settler of the Stilson name I have found in New England. William of Charlestown was a Stetson. It is sometimes hard to disguise 'l' and 't' in the old writing and Savage in his Dictionary wrongfully enters Vincent under both Stilson and Stetson."

It was George Barley of Milford, Connecticut, who married Mary Stilson, a daughter of Vincent Stilson, probably around 1685 and probably at her hometown of Milford, Connecticut. Vincent Stilson's will dated September 17, 1687, gave "to my daughter Barly wife of George Barly the

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## Barlow Traditions, Legends and Myths (continued)

sume of five shillings, shee haveing had her portion already". Incidentally, Milford, Connecticut, was founded in 1639; Milford, Massachusetts, was not founded until 1780.

### The Ancestry of George Barlow

According to Hawkins and DeVries [Laura Campbell Hawkins and Emma Campbell DeVries, *Barlow and Allied Families*, 1930], George Barlow was a son of William Barlow and a grandson of William and Agatha (Wellesborne) Barlow. Grandfather William, who was born possibly around 1500 and died in 1568, was Bishop of Chichester and he had five daughters, Anne, Elizabeth, Margaret, Frances and Antonio, and two sons, William and John. Agatha (Wellesborne) Barlow was born around 1515 and died in 1595 over 80 years of age.

The first big question here is, which George Barlow was the son of William Barlow? And the second question is, the probable birth date of 1620 for either George Barlow of Sandwich or George Barlow of Exeter suggests that there might be another generation between him and Bishop William Barlow of Chichester, if the Bishop is truly his ancestor?

At this time, no evidence has been found to support Hawkins and DeVries other than the references that they cite. Equally, there is no evidence to refute their claims and this is a Barlow story that needs much more work.

### The Ancestry of John Barlow of Fairfield, Connecticut

John and Ann Barlow, and their family, came to the town of Fairfield, Connecticut, and settled there around 1639. John and

Ann were probably born in England, were probably married in England, and most of their children were probably born in England. He was a Puritan, a farmer, and a freeman at Fairfield. Beyond that, nothing certain is known from the available records but many stories have been invented to explain his origins.

John's parents have been given as Alexander Barlow and Mary Brereton, and Ann has been given as Ann Ward, but no support for these assertions can be found. Any validity seems to come from the high numbers of listings - "if enough people say it, then it must be true." The earliest known reference to Alexander as the father of John Barlow is a book *Daniel L. Sherwood and His Parental Ancestors* in which the author Andrew Sherwood wrote in 1929 that John's line "is said to be one of the few American lines of ancestry which can be traced back with authoritative proof." Unfortunately, the author then fails to give any reference to that proof, authoritative or otherwise, and whatever proof the author had in mind has never been subsequently found.

Sir Alexander was a descendent of the Barlows of Barlow Hall of Lancashire, England, and Sir Montague Barlow says in his 1932 book *Barlow Family Records* that Alexander's children were Margaret Barlow, who married Sir John Talbot; Sir Alexander Barlow; Rudesind Barlow (1585-1656), a Benedictine monk; and Edward Barlow (1587-1641), who was also a Benedictine monk and was known as Father Ambrose. No mention of a John Barlow at all. In fact, according to Sir Montague, the name John is seldom used in this branch of the Barlow family.

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## Barlow Traditions, Legends and Myths (continued)

Although Roger Ludlow and his followers were Puritans and the Puritan church was the established church in early Connecticut, Fairfield was probably more tolerant than other New England settlements. Nonetheless, it is very doubtful that a member of a prominent Roman Catholic family would have been accepted by the other settlers of Fairfield to the degree that John Barlow was. From its beginning Connecticut allowed only the Congregational (Puritan) mode of worship. It was not until 1701 that even the Church of England was allowed and Roman Catholics would not be tolerated until the 19th century.

John Barlow and his son John Barlow were freemen at Fairfield in 1664 and such required taking the freeman's oath which included a profession of faith. If John was from the Roman Catholic family of Alexander Barlow, he most certainly had denounced that faith and probably had come to America under circumstances very similar to today's witness protection program.

John Barlow and his family probably landed in America at or near Watertown, Massachusetts, that being the usual immigration point in the 1630's. The Barlows then traveled to Fairfield probably by following Thomas Hooker's route across Massachusetts and Connecticut to Windsor, Connecticut, then down the river to about Wethersfield, and by land again to Fairfield. It is not known from the records why the John Barlow family decided to settle at Fairfield, but it seems likely that they knew other settlers and came to join them. John Barlow's daughter Elizabeth married Daniel Frost around 1640-42 at Fairfield which suggests that the Barlows and Frosts may have traveled together, and may have even known each other in England. The Frosts came from Nottinghamshire, England.

The first group of Fairfield settlers that came in with Roger Ludlow, after he had received permission to settle the area in September 1639 from the General Court at Hartford, included John Green, Thomas Staples, Thomas Newton, Edward Jessop and Edmund Strickland. Others, mostly from Watertown, followed shortly, and apparently included John Barlow and his family. Edward Jessop and Edmund Strickland did not stay at Fairfield very long; they moved on to Long Island and sold their Fairfield lands to Robert Hawkins and John Barlow, respectively, probably around 1640. Fairfield originally consisted of but eight or ten families, living along five roads that Ludlow established. These roads created four squares, each comprising twenty-five or thirty acres. John Barlow's home lot, which was originally Edmund Strickland's, was situated with those of Roger Ludlow, Thomas Staples, Thomas Newton and Robert Hawkins (originally Edward Jessop's) in the so-called Ludlow Square.

Another clue to the ancestry of John Barlow is the presence of Thomas Barlow at Fairfield. Other than the same surname, there is no known record that suggests a relationship. Since he was about twenty years younger than John, it is more likely that he may have been a nephew or cousin rather than a younger brother, if he was related.

Thomas Barlow was born probably around 1620 in England and came to New England around 1640. His appearance at Windsor, Connecticut, where he was sued in 1649 by Richard Samwis of that town, indicates that he probably landed at Boston and followed the overland route into Connecticut. He subsequently settled at

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## Barlow Traditions, Legends and Myths (continued)

Fairfield, Connecticut, where he may have owned land as early as 1650.

Another possible clue to John Barlow's ancestry is the presence of Ann Barlow who is called a daughter in the records. According to Jacobus [Donald L. Jacobus, *History and Genealogy of the Families of Old Fairfield*, 1930], she was "called" John Barlow's daughter in the Colonial Records. She was not, however, listed in either his or his wife's will. She was still living at the time of John and Ann Barlow's deaths, and if she had been "disinherited" or "disowned" for some reason, she probably would have been mentioned in the will, if only to exclude her. The suspicion occurs that she was either a younger sister, a niece or a cousin of John Barlow.

Family naming practices can often be a clue to establishing ancestry. Parents' and grandparents' names are given to children to honor the namesakes and to carry on distinctive family names. Sir Montague Barlow says in *Barlow Family Records* that the names "Alexander and Amicia came to the Lancashire branch probably through the early Albini link, but Robert, Roger, Thomas, Humphrey and William for the men, and Agnes, Alice, Margaret and Elizabeth for the women, are continually in use as favourite personal names in both branches - the Lancashire and the Derbyshire." But these names are not prevalent among John Barlow's descendants.

Dale C. Kellogg, of Elyria, Ohio, wrote an article on John Barlow that was published in the March 1993 *Nutmegger*, the quarterly journal of the Connecticut Society of Genealogists. In subsequent correspondence, he made an extremely interesting point: "John and Ann Barlow had seven children, five of whom each had seven children. In

total, there were 41 grandchildren (19 sons, 22 daughters) with twenty different names. An analysis of these names reveals that all six of the original children who had sons named their second son Joseph, and four of the granddaughters were named Abigail, although none of the daughters bore that name. One might suspect that either John's or Ann's parents were Joseph and Abigail."

It has long been a family tradition that John Barlow was a descendant of Roger Barlow (ca. 1500 - 1553) who was the first of the name to settle in Pembrokeshire, Wales, where he purchased an estate, Slebetch Manor, from the crown in 1546. The tradition says that Joel Barlow, a descendant of John Barlow, applied for and was given the privilege of the Barlow of Slebetch arms by the English College of Arms when he was in England in the late 18th century. John Matthews' *American Armoury and Blue Book*, 1907, gives Joel as the holder of the arms. Based seemingly upon this, a number of references have stated that John Barlow was born in Pembrokeshire, Wales.

However, no record of Joel Barlow's inquiry to the College of Arms has been found and their records do not show any connection between John Barlow and Roger Barlow, according to correspondence with the College of Arms. Mr. Peter Llewellyn Gwynn-Jones, then Lancaster Herald of The College of Arms at London (he is now Garter King of Arms), stated in a 1993 letter that "There is nothing in the Records of the College of Arms to support the proposition that Joel Barlow sought and obtained the right to use Arms which were identical with or similar to the Arms of the Slebech or Slebetch Barlows, or any other Arms."

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## Barlow Traditions, Legends and Myths (continued)

It is also an old family tradition or legend that John Barlow of Fairfield, Connecticut, and James Barlow of Suffield, Connecticut, were brothers. It is not known where this story originated but it was repeated in Reynold's *Biographical Review of Southern New York*. In two articles about Barlows in the *New York Journal-American* in the 1950's, society columnist Cholly Knickerbocker said that "the thousands upon thousands of members of the Barlow family now living in the four corners of these United States ... are descended from John and James Barlow, whose names appear upon the very early records of Fairfield, Conn." It is not known which Cholly Knickerbocker wrote this, because the name was a pen name used by a succession of writers that included Maury Paul, Liz Smith, John Keller and Igor Cassini. But the information, or misinformation, probably came from Samuel L. M. Barlow, the grandson of the famous New York attorney of the same name.

Fortunately, this fiction was corrected by Ora H. Barlow in his book *The Israel Barlow Story and Mormon Mores*. This 1968 book offers significant proof that James Barlow, who was born in 1659, or some 59 years after John, was a son of the immigrant Edmund Barlow of Malden, Massachusetts, and a grandson of James Barlow of Turton, Lancashire, England.

In summary, John Barlow's origins are not known, but circumstantial evidence strongly suggests that he was born in England; that he married in England; that he came from yeoman stock; that he was a Puritan; that either his or his wife's parents were Joseph and Abigail; that he probably at least knew or was related to Daniel Frost, or Roger Ludlow, or John Green, or Thomas Staples, or Thomas Newton, or Edward

Jessop, or Edmund Strickland; that he had a near kinsman Thomas Barlow; and that he had a younger sister, niece or close cousin Ann Barlow. When John Barlow's ancestors are finally and correctly established, it is believed that most or all of these conditions will be met.

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# **Barlow Family Exhibit Planned for Pioneer Days at the McClintic Library, Marlinton, West Virginia**

by Nancy Barlow Bruns

An exhibit about the Barlows, a pioneer Pocahontas County, West Virginia, family, will be featured during Pioneer Days, July 9-12, at the McClintic Library, Marlinton, West Virginia. The exhibit will be a history and genealogy of this family whose roots in this area and in Virginia go back to before the Revolution. Barlows and Barlow descendants have been associated in farming, business, government, and education in Pocahontas County for generations. In fact, the family predates the 1821 formation of Pocahontas as a county to a time when this was Virginia's first frontier.

The exhibit is based on a collection of photographs and obituaries belonging to several family members who are involved in producing a Barlow family history. The genealogy is based in part on material gathered about 25 years ago by Crystal Barlow and her late husband, William Barlow, but added to with new material coming from cousins from many branches.

Nancy Barlow Bruns of Fredericksburg, Virginia, great granddaughter of Henry and Nancy Jane Cassell Barlow of Edray, West Virginia, who is coordinating the effort says that the project began with a trip to the old Barlow home site and graveyard on Red Lick Mountain. Six second cousins gathered to view the old family graveyard and began then to examine a family genealogy of the Henry Barlow line which they decided needed corrections and updating.

"We had a basic framework from the earlier genealogy and we recognized from our visit to Red Lick Mountain the sturdy ancestry we descend from, so we had a story to share. Originally I thought it might be

possible to update each of the branches and produce a family history and genealogy over a period of about two years," Ms. Bruns said. "As we have worked at reaching family members lost to us we have become interested in seeing material placed on an Internet site where it would be accessible and quickly updated and added to."

The cousins group hopes that the library exhibit, while of interest to genealogists, historians and the general public, will also bring in Barlow descendants still living in the county. The cousins working on this project are Mary Frances Barlow of Edray, Nancy Cochran Wooldridge of Roanoke, James E. Barlow of Edray and Roanoke, Robert L. Barlow of Wintersville, Ohio. The original group included Sam Barlow of Buckeye, who died last fall.

Also contributing material have been Helen Flach of California and the original genealogist Crystal Barlow, now of Liberty, Indiana. Additional assistance has come from Hazel Pritchard of St. Albans, Ruth Taylor of Hillsboro, Wanda J. Wymer, and Robert Galford..

A family reunion will be held beginning at noon July 13 at the Edray Methodist Church, Edray, West Virginia, where many members of the family worshiped over the years.

The children of John and Martha Barlow, the 18-19th century pioneers, were William Barlow who is thought to have gone to Missouri, Alexander Barlow who has

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## Barlow Family Exhibit (continued)

descendants still living in the county, Elizabeth Barlow who married William Baxter and has descendants still living in the county, Josiah Barlow with descendants still living in the county, James Barlow, about whom little is known, Nathan Gilliam Barlow, John Barlow Jr., who died in Schuyler, Missouri, and whose descendants live in Ohio and Indiana and whose family tree is probably the nearest to completion, Henry Barlow, with descendants still living or owning property in the county, Amos Barlow with descendants still living in Pocahontas County. Two Barlow sisters, Mary Ann or Ann, and Miriam married brothers from the Auldridge family.

“The family is a study in the history of the times. There are giants among men but little known about the women except we can look at their deaths in childbearing and see the number of babies and toddlers lost and conclude that those who survived were hardy and brave. A strong religious theme runs throughout the family,” Ms. Bruns said. “As with many families some were Confederates and some Union. Several in each generation fought in World War I and in World War II. In addition we have research on the earliest Barlow of our line and other families.”

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## Barlow DNA Project

In March 2003, a number of Barlows from different lines began the Barlow DNA Project in conjunction with a company called Family Tree DNA of Houston, Texas. According to Family Tree DNA, the basic premise of the project is that a person's Y chromosome is passed from father to son unchanged, thus providing a genetic finger print that follows the surname.

The current objective of this project is to get a DNA identification from a representative of each of the many Barlow lines to try to determine the relationships between these lines. Through this process, it is hoped that a link can be established between, say, the Barlows of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, whose earliest ancestor is Richard born in the mid 1700's, and the Barlows of Isle of Wight County, Virginia, whose earliest ancestor immigrated from England in the early 1600's.

The current cost of each test is not insignificant. The basic 12 marker DNA test is \$99 and the 25 marker DNA test is \$169. According to Family Tree DNA, the 12 marker

test establishes a relationship and the 25 marker test narrows the relationship to a particular time frame. The Barlow DNA Project has established a fund so that the cost of testing a particular Barlow line can be split between several members of that line and bring the cost down to a more affordable level for each person.

Susan Barlow Holmes is managing the Barlow DNA Project. She can be contacted at sbarlowholmes@centurytel.net or at 509 Dogwood Road, Redfield, AR 72132-9165.

DNA testing and identification is probably going to be a very significant tool used by genealogists someday. But like all tools, it undoubtedly has its pros and cons. In the next issue of *Barlow of Barlow* I hope to be able to present a more complete article about the Barlow program. In the meantime, go to the Barlow Clearinghouse website, <freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.com/~barlow>, to see the latest information on the program.

# New York Cemetery Inscriptions

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## **Baptist Church Cemetery, Charleston, Montgomery County, New York**

Raymond Barlow, died August 11, 1881, in 74th year.

Celia B., wife of H. Dingman, died June 28, 1876, age 29 years.

Sarah B. Barlow, wife of Leslie Vanderhoff, died April 21, 1882, in 39th year.

Bershibe, wife of R. Barlow, died December 27, 1883 [or 1888 or 1889], age 79 years.  
[above on same stone monument]

Jane Ann Barlow, daughter of Raymond and Bershebe, died November 7, 1844, age 8 years 7 months.

Isaac N. Tallmadge, died July 24, 1890, age 60.

Melissa Barlow, wife of Isaac N. Tallmadge, died December 28, 1863, age 30.

## **Prospect Hill Cemetery, Canajoharie, Montgomery County, New York**

Moses Barlow, died February 11, 1883, age 81 years 8 months 5 days.

Anna M. Ruff, wife of Moses Barlow, died February 23, 1863, age 55 years 5 days.

Harriet L. Barlow, daughter of Moses and Maria, died September 15, 1839.

Hellen M. Barlow, daughter of Moses and Maria, died December 12, 1851, age 5 months 5 days.

Hellena A. Barlow, daughter of Moses and Maria, died May 22, 1847.

Prudence Ruff, wife of Daniel Ruff, died July 26, 1853, age 61 years 9 months 3 days.

Thomas Barlow, died July 30, 1866, age 15.

Nathan Barlow, died September 19, 1848, age 50.

Margaret Barlow, wife of Nathan, died November 12, 1854, age 54.

Alonzo Barlow, died May 8, 1854, age 32.

Charles Mallett, born 1842, died 1932.

Harriet L. Barlow, wife, born 1844, died 1930.

## **Christian Church Cemetery, Charleston, Montgomery County, New York**

Amanda Gordon Barlow, born 1837, died 1920.

Sheldon Barlow, born August 14, 1849, died June 14, 1903.

Elizabeth Voorhees, wife of Sheldon Barlow, born April 12, 1852.

## **Chuctanunda Cemetery, Florida, Montgomery County, New York**

Bertha C. Barlow, wife of Clarence R. Young, 1877-1899, died August 19, 1899, age 22 years.

George W. Barlow, 1880-1940.

Anna May Barkley, his wife, 1879-1965.

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## **New York Cemetery Inscriptions (continued)**

### **Barlow Graveyard, Amsterdam-Minaville Road, Montgomery County, New York**

John Barlow, of Nottingham, England, died January 28, 1835, age 67 years 11 months 19 days.  
Elizabeth Barlow, wife of John, born January 6, 1773, died March 9, 1847.  
John Barlow, Jr., born February 2, 1804, died April 13, 1855, age 51.  
Elizabeth Barlow, born January 13, 1806, died September 12, 1871.

### **Maple Avenue Cemetery, Fultonville, Montgomery County, New York**

Isaac Carson, [born 1840], died June 26, 1902, age 62.  
Josephine P. Barlow, wife of Isaac Carson, [born 1851], died July 19, 1917, age 66.  
Orville H. Hall, born 1849, died 1916. ~~John C. Barlow~~, wife of Orville H. Hall, born 1858, died 1906.  
George Ingersoll, born May 5, 1833, died September 29, 1903.  
Sarah J. Barlow, wife of George Ingersoll, born December 26, 1838, died October 10, 1918.

### **Maple Hill Cemetery, Annsville, Oneida County, New York**

S. Scott Barlow, son of John S. and Hannah (Wood) Barlow, born 1862, died 1935.  
Elizabeth Barlow, wife of S. Scott Barlow, daughter of Charles and Martha (Campbell) Cook, born 1867, died 1944.

### **North Bay Lawn Cemetery, North Bay, Oneida County, New York**

George Barlow, Co F 102nd Regt NYV, 1833-1911.  
William H. Barlow, Co H 13th NYHA, died May 8, 1913, age 73 [born 1840].

### **North Gage Cemetery, Deerfield, Oneida County, New York**

Ebenezer Barlow, died May 8, 1830, in 81st year.  
Elizabeth Barlow, widow of Ebenezer, died March 17, 1832, in 69th year.  
Russell Barlow, died April 17, 1842, age 37 years.

### **Evergreen Cemetery, Lee, Oneida County, New York**

Nathan Barlow, died January 17, 1812.  
Lydia Barlow, widow of Nathan, died at Lee March 26, 1826, age 92 years 3 months 20 days.

### **Florence Hill Cemetery, Hayes Road, Florence, Oneida County, New York**

Phares C. Barlow, son of Benoni and Nancy, died March 19, 1835, in 18th year.  
Rowland Barlow, died April 22, 1863, age 70 years.

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# **New York Cemetery Inscriptions (continued)**

## **New Forest Cemetery, Utica, Oneida County, New York**

John Barlow, born 1843, died November 19, 1917.

Mark Barlow, son of Edward and Mary Barlow, born March 10, 1896, died August 12, 1954.  
Henrietta S. Barlow, wife of Mark Barlow, daughter of Gottfried and Katerina Siegenthaler, born May 20, 1899, died December 12, 1995.

## **Elbridge Rural Cemetery, Elbridge, Onondaga County, New York**

Nathan Bennett, born March 23, 1755, died April 9, 1831.

Huldah Barlow Bennett, wife, sister of Joel Barlow, born June 11, 1760.

## **Collamer Cemetery, DeWitt, Onondaga County, New York**

Joseph John Barlow, Sr., 1934-1995.

Mary Faith Hodgson Barlow, 1939-1971.

John Joseph Barlow, 1967-1986.

Matthew P. Barlow, born March 23, 1983, died May 2, 1987.

## **Maple Grove Cemetery, Jordan, Onondaga County, New York**

Joseph W. Barlow, born June 1, 1812, Stamford, N.Y., died June 2, 1884, Jordan, N.Y.

Sarah P. Roberts, wife of Joseph W. Barlow, born November 26, 1817, Kortright, N.Y., died December 19, 1851, Bloomville, N.Y.

Catherine C. Barlow, wife of Joseph Barlow, born December 6, 1824, died November 13, 1901.

Edward K. Barlow, 1863-1952.

Edith A. Barlow, 1867-1958.

John W. Barlow, died June 7, 1934, age 88.

Mary F. Barlow, wife, born February 20, 1850, died September 7, 1904.

## **Old Presbyterian Cemetery, Lysander, Onondaga County, New York**

Gould Barlow, died November 15, 1828, age 31 years 2 months 15 days.

Polly Smith, wife of Alford Smith, died June 22, 1837, in 37th year.

Emeline Smith, daughter of Alford and Polly, died June 31, 1832, age 2 years 9 months 7 days.

Mary Smith, widow, died December 15, 1824 [or 1821], in 60th year.

Abijah Smith, died June 27, 1828 [or 1823], age 68 [or 63].

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## **New York Cemetery Inscriptions (continued)**

### **Lysander Cemetery, Lysander, Onondaga County, New York**

Eunice Barlow (Mrs.), died April 3, 1864, age 66 years 7 months 8 days.

Herman D. Barney, 1826-1911.          Julia C. Barlow, wife of Herman D. Barney, 1825-1908.

John S. Barlow, born August 8, 1822, died April 19, 1885.

Hannah G. Barlow, his wife, born March 19, 1823, died May 14, 1885.

Anna Barlow, his wife, born June 22, 1821, died July 24, 1856.

George Francis Barlow, Pvt Co B 1st NY Light Artillery, died June 28, 1918, age 75.

Anna M. Barlow, his wife, died October 11, 1871, age 27 years 10 months.

Cora Moyer, his wife, 1858-1944.

### **Old First Ward Cemetery, Salina, Syracuse, Onondaga County, New York**

Nathaniel Barlow, died August 10, 1832, age 66.

### **Pioneer Cemetery, Canandaigua, Ontario County, New York**

William Antis, died December 21, 1841, age 66 years.

Mary Antis, wife of William Antis, born August 12, 1779, at Granville, Massachusetts, died March 1, 1865.

Dr. William A. Williams, died 1834 age 70 years.

Elizabeth Williams, wife, died 1809 age 39 years.

Lucinda Williams, wife, died 1810 age 22 years.

Margaret Barlow Cooley, first wife of John Cooley who is buried with his second wife in Sutherland Cemetery, and mother of Lyman Cooley who is buried in the Cooley Cemetery in School District No. 1 Canandaigua Township.

Laura Barlow, born July 22, 1783, died February 28, 1849.

Abner Barlow, who died ...

Mary Barlow, consort of Abner Barlow, who died August 14, 1822, age 61 years.

Orange Barlow, son of Abner Barlow, died ...

Sarah Barlow, daughter of Abner Barlow.

### **Old Theopolis Short Cemetery, Manchester, Ontario County, New York**

Abner Barlow, born July 16, 1794, died November 19, 1862.

Harriet Barlow, his wife, died April 13, 1828, age 30 years [born 1798].

Lydia S. Barlow, born January 31, 1827, died June 11, 1846.

William A. Barlow, born January 20, 1825, died October 31, 1863.

Harriet S. [Barlow] Hanna, born September 10, 1821, died April 30, 1896.

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## **New York Cemetery Inscriptions (continued)**

### **Oaks Corners Cemetery, Phelps, Ontario County, New York**

J. Seymour Doolittle, 1854-1924. Kate Barlow, his wife, 1860-1924. Fannie Bruzee, his wife.

### **Vail's Gate Cemetery, New Windsor, Orange County, New York**

Raymond G. Barlow, died July 22, 1870, age 47.

### **Mount Albion Cemetery, Albion, Orleans County, New York**

William V. N. Barlow, born March 6, 1810, died May 10, 1909, age 99.  
Almeda Townsend Barlow, 1st wife of Wm. V. N., born 1818, died 1846.  
Emily C. Barlow, 2nd wife of Wm. V. N., born 1821, died December 20, 1860, age 39.  
Mary J. Barlow, daughter of Wm. V. N. and Almeda T., born 1843, died 1843.  
Eldredge T. Barlow, son of Wm. V. N. and Almeda T., born 1846, died 1846.  
Ben T. Barlow, son of Wm. V. N. and Emily C., born 1856, died 1857.

William R. Barlow, husband of Bertha, born 1850, died September 22, 1904, age 52.

Royal Barlow, "father", born March 21, 1813, died April 24, 1871, at Kendall at age 58 years  
1 month 3 days.

Charles Howard Beach, son of Elias and Maria Beach, born July 27, 1846, died August 19, 1901,  
at Albion.

Kate S. Beach, wife of Charles Beach, born March 1847, died September 25, 1931.

Henry W. Lee, born January 2, 1843, son of Harlow W. and Lydia J., died September 14, 1894,  
at Syracuse, New York.

LeVanche B. Lee, wife of Henry W. Lee, born January 23, 1845, died September 27, 1882.

John Douglas Buckland, born November 1808, son of John A. and Martha (Douglas) Buckland,  
died May 10, 1884, at Albion.

Annette M. Buckland, 2nd wife of John, born 1826, died December 8, 1892, at Albion.

Joseph Bardwell, born 1830, died August 18, 1906.

Mary Amanda Barlow, his wife, born March 24, 1843, died September 27, 1932.

Peter Galarneau, born October 16, 1838, died January 9, 1936.

Elizabeth Barlow Galarneau, wife of Peter Galarneau, born March 1 1839, died July 5, 1913.

Samuel Goodrich Atherton, born January 2, 1837, died September 22, 1916.

Sarah Barlow Atherton, wife, born November 24, 1841, died January 10, 1921.

(continued in August 2003)